

Package: taxizedb (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Offline Access to Taxonomic Databases

Description Download taxonomic databases, convert them into 'SQLite' format, and query them locally for fast, reliable, and reproducible access to taxonomic data.

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URL <https://docs.ropensci.org/taxizedb/>,
<https://github.com/ropensci/taxizedb>

BugReports <https://github.com/ropensci/taxizedb/issues>

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taxizedb-package	<i>taxizedb</i>
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Description

Taxonomic databases interface

Supported data sources and database structure

All are using SQLite as the database

- NCBI: text files are provided by NCBI, which we stitch into a sqlite db
- ITIS: they provide a sqlite dump, which we use here
- The PlantList: created from stitching together csv files. this source is no longer updated as far as we can tell. they say they’ve moved focus to the World Flora Online
- Catalogue of Life: created from Darwin Core Archive dump. Using the latest monthly edition via http://www.catalogueoflife.org/DCA_Export/archive.php
- GBIF: created from Darwin Core Archive dump. right now we only have the taxonomy table (called gbif), but will add the other tables in the darwin core archive later
- Wikidata: aggregated taxonomy of Open Tree of Life, GLoBI and Wikidata. On Zenodo, created by Joritt Poelen of GLOBI.
- World Flora Online: <https://www.worldfloraonline.org/>

Update schedule for databases

- NCBI: since `db_download_ncbi` creates the database when the function is called, it's updated whenever you run the function
- ITIS: since ITIS provides the sqlite database as a download, you can delete the old file and run `db_download_itis` to get a new dump; they I think update the dumps every month or so
- The PlantList: no longer updated, so you shouldn't need to download this after the first download
- Catalogue of Life: a GitHub Actions job runs once a day at 00:00 UTC, building the latest COL data into a SQLite database that's hosted on Amazon S3
- GBIF: a GitHub Actions job runs once a day at 00:00 UTC, building the latest COL data into a SQLite database that's hosted on Amazon S3
- Wikidata: last updated April 6, 2018. Scripts are available to update the data if you prefer to do it yourself.
- World Flora Online: since `db_download_wfo` creates the database when the function is called, it's updated whenever you run the function

Links

- NCBI: <ftp://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/taxonomy/>
- ITIS: <https://www.itis.gov/downloads/index.html>
- The PlantList - <http://www.theplantlist.org/>
- Catalogue of Life: via <http://www.catalogueoflife.org/content/annual-checklist-archive>
- GBIF: <http://rs.gbif.org/datasets/backbone/>
- Wikidata: <https://zenodo.org/record/1213477>
- World Flora Online: <https://www.worldfloraonline.org/>

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(dplyr)

# data source: NCBI
db_download_ncbi()
src <- src_ncbi()
df <- tbl(src, "names")
filter(df, name_class == "scientific name")

# data source: ITIS
## download ITIS database
db_download_itis()
## connect to the ITIS database
src <- src_itis()
## use SQL syntax
sql_collect(src, "select * from hierarchy limit 5")
### or pipe the src to sql_collect
src %>% sql_collect("select * from hierarchy limit 5")
```

```

## use dplyr verbs
src %>%
  tbl("hierarchy") %>%
  filter(ChildrenCount > 1000)
## or create tbl object for repeated use
hiers <- src %>% tbl("hierarchy")
hiers %>% select(TSN, level)

# data source: The PlantList

"The Plant List (TPL) is no longer accessible. If you have a copy of the
sqlite database you can still use the rest of the TPL functions with it.
We suggest using the World Flora Online (WFO) database as a replacement."

## connecto the tpl database
src <- src_tpl()
## do queries
tpl <- tbl(src, "tpl")
filter(tpl, Family == "Pinaceae")

# data source: Catalogue of Life
## download col datababase
db_download_col()
## connec to the col database
src <- src_col()
## do queries
names <- tbl(src, "taxa")
select(names, taxonID, scientificName)

# data source: GBIF
## download gbif datababase
db_download_gbif()
## connecto the gbif database
src <- src_gbif()
## do queries
df <- tbl(src, "gbif")
select(df, taxonID, scientificName)

# data source: Wikidata
db_download_wikidata()
src <- src_wikidata()
df <- tbl(src, "wikidata")
filter(df, rank_id == "Q7432")

# data source: World Flora Online
db_download_wfo()
src <- src_wfo()
df <- tbl(src, "wfo")
filter(df, taxonID == "wfo-0000000010")

## End(Not run)

```

children	<i>Retrieve immediate descendents of a taxon</i>
----------	--

Description

Retrieve immediate descendents of a taxon

Usage

```
children(x, db = "ncbi", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	(character) Vector of taxon keys for the given database
db	(character) The database to search, one of ncbi, itis, gbif, col, or wfo
verbose	(logical) Print verbose messages
...	Additional arguments passed to database specific function.

Value

list of tibbles with the columns: id, name, rank. This is exactly equivalent to the output of `taxize::children()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
children(c(3700, 2))
children(c(154395, 154357), db = "itis")
children("wfo-4000032377", db = "wfo")
children(2877951, db = "gbif")
children("C66T4", db = "col") # Abies Mill. Mill.

## End(Not run)
```

classification	<i>Retrieve the taxonomic hierarchies from local database</i>
----------------	---

Description

This function is equivalent to the `taxize::classification()` function, except that it uses a local database (so is much faster). The output is identical to `taxize::classification()`

Usage

```
classification(x, db = "ncbi", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x character) Vector of taxon keys for the given database
 db character) The database to search, one of ncbi, itis, gbif, col, or wfo
 verbose (logical) Print verbose messages
 ... Additional arguments passed to database specific classification functions.

Value

list of data.frames with the columns: name, rank, and id. This is exactly equivalent to the output of `taxize::classification()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
classification(c(3702, 9606))
classification(c(154395, 154357), db = "itis")
classification(c("wfo-0000291463", "wfo-7000000057"), db = "wfo")
classification(2878586, db = "gbif")
classification(c(2878586, 2704179), db = "gbif")
classification("C66T4", db = "col") # Abies Mill.

## End(Not run)
```

db_download

Download taxonomic databases

Description

Download taxonomic databases

Usage

```
db_download_ncbi(verbose = TRUE, overwrite = FALSE)

db_download_itis(verbose = TRUE, overwrite = FALSE)

db_download_tpl(verbose = TRUE, overwrite = FALSE)

db_download_wfo(verbose = TRUE, overwrite = FALSE)

db_download_col(verbose = TRUE, overwrite = FALSE)

db_download_gbif(verbose = TRUE, overwrite = FALSE)

db_download_wikidata(verbose = TRUE, overwrite = FALSE)
```

Arguments

verbose	(logical) Print messages. Default: TRUE
overwrite	(logical) If TRUE force an update by overwriting previously downloaded data. Default: FALSE

Details

Downloads sql database, cleans up unneeded files, returns path to sql file

Value

(character) path to the downloaded SQL database

Note

The Plant List (TPL) is no longer accessible. If you have a copy of the sqlite database you can still use the rest of the TPL functions with it. We suggest using the World Flora Online (WFO) database as a replacement.

See Also

[tdb_cache](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# ITIS
db_download_itis()
src_itis()

# Plantlist
db_download_tpl()
src_tpl()

# COL
db_download_col()
src_col()

# GBIF
db_download_gbif()
src_gbif()

# NCBI
db_download_ncbi()
src_ncbi()

# Wikidata
db_download_wikidata()
db_download_wikidata(overwrite=TRUE) # overwrite - download again
src_wikidata()
```

```
# World Flora Online
db_download_wfo()
src_wfo()

## End(Not run)
```

db_load-defunct	<i>Load taxonomic databases</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------

Description

This family of functions has been removed. Use [db_download](#) then [src_taxizedb](#).

Usage

```
db_load_itis(...)
db_load_tpl(...)
db_load_col(...)
db_load_gbif(...)
db_load_ncbi(...)
db_load_wikidata(...)
```

Arguments

... ignored

Value

An error message.

db_path	<i>database path</i>
---------	----------------------

Description

database path

Usage

```
db_path(db)
```


Arguments

db (character) db name. one of: itis, tpl, col, gbif, ncbi, wikidata, wfo. required

Value

Path to the local database.

downstream	<i>Retrieve all taxa descending from a vector of taxa</i>
------------	---

Description

This function is nearly equivalent to the `taxize::downstream()` function

Usage

```
downstream(x, db = "ncbi", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x (character) Vector of taxon keys for the given database
 db (character) The database to search, one of ncbi, itis, gbif, col, or wfo
 verbose (logical) Print verbose messages
 ... Additional arguments passed to database specific downstream functions

Value

list of data.frames with the columns: `childtaxa_id`, `childtaxa_name`, and `rank`. This is exactly equivalent to the output of `taxize::downstream()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
# get descendents from all ranks
# downstream(c(3700, 9605)) # takes a while

# limit results to species
downstream(c(3700, 9605), downto='species')

# allow ambiguous nodes but no ambiguous species
downstream(
  c(3700, 9605),
  downto='species',
  ambiguous_nodes=FALSE,
  ambiguous_species=TRUE
)

# ITIS
```

```

id <- name2taxid('Aves', db = "itis")
downstream(id, db = "itis", downto = "family")
downstream(id, db = "itis", downto = "genus")
id <- name2taxid('Bombus', db = "itis")
downstream(id, db = "itis", downto = "species")

# COL
id <- name2taxid('Chordata', db = "col")
downstream(id, db = "col", downto = "family")

# GBIF
id <- name2taxid('Pinaceae', db = "gbif")
downstream(id, db = "gbif", downto = "genus")

# World Flora Online
id <- name2taxid('Pinaceae', db = "wfo")
downstream(id, db = "wfo", downto = "species")

## End(Not run)

```

name2taxid

Convert species names to taxon IDs

Description

name2taxid() returns a vector and dies if there are any ambiguous names. name2taxid_map() returns a data.frame mapping names to ids

Usage

```
name2taxid(x, db = "ncbi", verbose = TRUE, out_type = c("uid", "summary"), ...)
```

Arguments

x	(character) Vector of taxon keys for the given database
db	(character) The database to search, one of ncbi, itis, gbif, wfo, or tpl
verbose	(logical) Print verbose messages
out_type	(logical) character "uid" for an ID vector, "summary" for a table with columns 'tax_id' and 'tax_name'.
...	Additional arguments passed to database specific classification functions.

Value

A character vector if taxonomy identifiers.

NCBI database

The NCBI taxonomy database includes common names, synonyms and misspellings. However, the database is a little inconsistent. For some species, such as *Arabidopsis thaliana*, the misspelling *Arabidopsis_thaliana* is included, but the same is NOT done for humans. However, underscores are supported when querying through *entrez*, as is done in *taxize*, which implies *entrez* is replacing underscores with spaces. So I do the same. A corner case appears when an organism uses underscores as part of the name, not just a standin for space ("*haloarchaeon 3A1_DGR*"). To deal with this case, we replace underscores with spaces ONLY if there are not spaces in the original name.

Examples

```
## Not run:
name2taxid(c('Arabidopsis thaliana', 'pig'))
name2taxid(c('Arabidopsis thaliana', 'pig'), out_type="summary")
name2taxid(x=c('Arabidopsis thaliana', 'Apis mellifera'), db = "itis")
name2taxid(x=c('Arabidopsis thaliana', 'Apis mellifera'), db = "itis",
  out_type="summary")
name2taxid(x=c('Arabidopsis thaliana', 'Quercus kelloggii'), db = "wfo")
name2taxid(x=c('Arabidopsis thaliana', 'Quercus kelloggii'), db = "wfo",
  out_type="summary")
name2taxid("Austrobaileyaceae", db = "wfo")
name2taxid("Quercus kelloggii", db = "gbif")
name2taxid(c("Quercus", "Fabaceae", "Animalia"), db = "gbif")
name2taxid(c("Abies Mill.", "Pinales Gorozh.", "Tracheophyta"), db = "col")
name2taxid(c("Abies mangifica", "Acanthopale aethiogermanica",
  "Acanthopale albosetulosa"), db = "tpl")

## End(Not run)
```

sql_collect

Query and get data back into a data.frame

Description

Execute and SQL query on a database.

Usage

```
sql_collect(src, query, ...)
```

Arguments

src	(src) An src object, result of calling <code>src_itis()</code> , <code>src_col()</code> , or <code>src_tpl()</code>
query	(character) A SQL query
...	further args passed on to <code>dplyr::tbl()</code>

Details

we run `dplyr::tbl()`, then `dplyr::collect()`

Value

A tibble with query results.

Examples

```
## Not run:
src <- src_itis()
sql_collect(src, "select * from hierarchy limit 5")
## or pipe the src to sql_collect
src |> sql_collect("select * from hierarchy limit 5")

## End(Not run)
```

src_taxizedb	<i>src - dplyr src objects</i>
--------------	--------------------------------

Description

src - dplyr src objects

Usage

```
src_itis(path = db_path("itis"), ...)

src_tpl(path = db_path("tpl"), ...)

src_col(path = db_path("col"), ...)

src_gbif(path = db_path("gbif"), ...)

src_ncbi(path = db_path("ncbi"), ...)

src_wikidata(path = db_path("wikidata"), ...)

src_wfo(path = db_path("wfo"), ...)
```

Arguments

path	(character) path to SQLite database. by default we use the function db_path() to get the path
...	Further args passed on to DBI::dbConnect()

Value

an src object

Examples

```
## Not run:
src_itis()
src_tpl()
src_col()
src_gbif()
src_ncbi()
src_wikidata()
src_wfo()

## End(Not run)
```

taxa_at	<i>Get taxa at specific scientific ranks</i>
---------	--

Description

Get taxa at specific scientific ranks

Usage

```
taxa_at(
  x,
  rank,
  db = "ncbi",
  missing = "lower",
  verbose = TRUE,
  warn = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	(character) Vector of taxon keys (ids) for the given database. required
rank	(character) A target rank for which to fetch data. required
db	(character) The database to search, one of ncbi, itis, gbif, col, or wfo
missing	(character) if no data found at the given rank and input key, should we get the next closest lower than that given in rank, or higher. one of lower (default), higher.
verbose	(logical) Print verbose messages
warn	(logical) If TRUE, raise a warning if any taxon IDs can not be found
...	Additional arguments passed to database specific classification functions

Value

list of data.frame's for each input taxon key, where each data.frame has fields: name, rank, id. When no results found, an empty data.frame

Examples

```
## Not run:
taxa_at(186803, rank = "order", db = "ncbi", missing = "lower")
taxa_at(c(186803, 541000, 216572, 186804, 31979, 186806),
  rank = "family", missing = "lower")
taxa_at(c(154395, 154357, 23041, 154396), rank = "family", db="itis")
taxa_at(c('wfo-4000032377', 'wfo-0000541830'), rank = "family", db = "wfo")
taxa_at("wfo-7000000057", rank = "order", db = "wfo")
taxa_at(2877951, rank = "phylum", db = "gbif")
taxa_at(c(2877951, 5386), rank = "family", db = "gbif")
taxa_at(c("C66T4", "C7ZVH", "TP"), rank = "family", db = "col")

## End(Not run)
```

taxid2name

*Convert taxon IDs to scientific names***Description**

Convert taxon IDs to scientific names

Usage

```
taxid2name(x, db = "ncbi", verbose = TRUE, warn = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	(character) Vector of taxon keys for the given database
db	(character) The database to search, one of ncbi, itis, gbif, col, wfo, or tpl
verbose	(logical) Print verbose messages
warn	(logical) If TRUE, raise a warning if any taxon IDs can not be found
...	Additional arguments passed to database specific classification functions

Value

character vector of scientific names

Examples

```
## Not run:
taxid2name(c(3702, 9606))
taxid2name(c(154395, 154357, 23041, 154396), db = "itis")
taxid2name(c('wfo-0000541830', 'wfo-0000291463'), db = "wfo")
taxid2name("wfo-7000000057", db = "wfo")
taxid2name(2877951, db = "gbif")
taxid2name(c(2877951, 5386), db = "gbif")
taxid2name(c("C66T4", "C7ZVH", "TP"), db = "col")
taxid2name(c("kew-2614538", "kew-2895433", "kew-2615007"), db = "tpl")
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

taxid2rank	<i>Convert taxon IDs to scientific ranks</i>
------------	--

Description

Convert taxon IDs to scientific ranks

Usage

```
taxid2rank(x, db = "ncbi", verbose = TRUE, warn = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	(character) Vector of taxon keys (name or id) for the given database
db	(character) The database to search, one of ncbi, itis, gbif, col, or wfo
verbose	(logical) Print verbose messages
warn	(logical) If TRUE, raise a warning if any taxon IDs can not be found
...	Additional arguments passed to database specific classification functions

Value

character vector of ranks in the same order as the inputs

Examples

```
## Not run:
taxid2rank(c(3701, 9606))
taxid2rank(c(154395, 154357, 23041, 154396), db = "itis")
taxid2rank(c('wfo-4000032377', 'wfo-0000541830'), db = "wfo")
taxid2rank("wfo-7000000057", db = "wfo")
taxid2rank(2877951, db = "gbif")
taxid2rank(c(2877951, 5386), db = "gbif")
taxid2rank(c("C66T4", "C7ZVH", "TP"), db = "col")

## End(Not run)
```

tdb_cache

*Caching***Description**

Manage cached taxizedb files with **hoardr**

Details

cache_delete only accepts 1 file name, while cache_delete_all doesn't accept any names, but deletes all files. For deleting many specific files, use cache_delete in a [lapply\(\)](#) type call

Value

An object of classes HoardClient and R6.

Useful user functions

- tdb_cache\$cache_path_get() get cache path
- tdb_cache\$cache_path_set() set cache path
- tdb_cache\$list() returns a character vector of full path file names
- tdb_cache\$files() returns file objects with metadata
- tdb_cache\$details() returns files with details
- tdb_cache\$delete() delete specific files
- tdb_cache\$delete_all() delete all files, returns nothing

Examples

```
## Not run:
tdb_cache

# list files in cache
tdb_cache$list()

# delete certain database files
# tdb_cache$delete("file path")
# tdb_cache$list()

# delete all files in cache
# tdb_cache$delete_all()
# tdb_cache$list()

## End(Not run)
```


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