

# Package: cidian (via r-universe)

August 27, 2026

**Title** Read and Parse Chinese Input-Method Dictionaries

**Version** 0.1.0

**Description** Read Chinese input-method dictionary files into a common 'R' data model. The 'Rust' backend supports Sogou, QQ Pinyin, and Baidu dictionary formats and preserves source metadata, code components, and weights. This is useful for building a custom Chinese word segmentation dictionary.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**URL** <https://github.com/Yousa-Mirage/r-cidian>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/Yousa-Mirage/r-cidian/issues>

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

**Config/rextendr/version** 0.5.0

**SystemRequirements** Cargo (Rust's package manager), rustc >= 1.85.0, xz

**Depends** R (>= 4.2)

**Imports** cli, rlang

**Config/roxygen2/version** 8.1.0

**Suggests** rmarkdown, spelling, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

**Config/testthat/parallel** true

**Language** en-US

**Config/pak/sysreqs** xz-utils libclang-dev

**Repository** <https://r-multiverse.r-universe.dev>

**Date/Publication** 2026-08-26 16:32:58 UTC

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/Yousa-Mirage/r-cidian>

**RemoteRef** v0.1.0

**RemoteSha** 79d37afacaf229a9481aec0672bf4d2604ee443d

Contents

|                                           |          |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|
| as.data.frame.cidian_dictionary . . . . . | 2        |
| cidian_entries . . . . .                  | 3        |
| cidian_formats . . . . .                  | 3        |
| cidian_metadata . . . . .                 | 4        |
| print.cidian_dictionary . . . . .         | 4        |
| read_cidian . . . . .                     | 5        |
| summary.cidian_dictionary . . . . .       | 6        |
| write_words . . . . .                     | 6        |
| <b>Index</b>                              | <b>8</b> |

---

|                                             |
|---------------------------------------------|
| as.data.frame.cidian_dictionary             |
| <i>Convert a dictionary to a data frame</i> |

---

Description

Convert a dictionary to a data frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cidian_dictionary'
as.data.frame(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- x                   A cidian\_dictionary object.
- ...                 Must be empty.

Value

A base data.frame with word, code, and weight columns. code is a list-column of character vectors and weight is numeric.

Examples

```
## Not run:
dictionary <- read_cidian("computer.qcel")
as.data.frame(dictionary)

## End(Not run)
```

---

|                |                                   |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| cidian_entries | <i>Extract dictionary entries</i> |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Extract dictionary entries

**Usage**

```
cidian_entries(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      A cidian\_dictionary object.

**Value**

A base data.frame with word, code, and weight columns. code is a list-column of character vectors and weight is numeric.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
dictionary <- read_cidian("computer.qcel")
cidian_entries(dictionary)

## End(Not run)
```

---

|                |                                          |
|----------------|------------------------------------------|
| cidian_formats | <i>List supported dictionary formats</i> |
|----------------|------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

List supported dictionary formats

**Usage**

```
cidian_formats()
```

**Value**

A character vector of format identifiers accepted by read\_cidian().

**Examples**

```
cidian_formats()
```

cidian\_metadata      *Extract dictionary metadata*

---

**Description**

Extract dictionary metadata

**Usage**

```
cidian_metadata(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      A cidian\_dictionary object.

**Value**

A list with name, category, description, and extra fields.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
dictionary <- read_cidian("computer.qcel")
cidian_metadata(dictionary)

## End(Not run)
```

---

print.cidian\_dictionary  
                          *Print a dictionary summary*

---

**Description**

Print a dictionary summary

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'cidian_dictionary'
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                      A cidian\_dictionary object.  
...                    Must be empty.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
dictionary <- read_cidian("computer.qcel")
print(dictionary)

## End(Not run)
```

---

|             |                                               |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| read_cidian | <i>Read a Chinese input-method dictionary</i> |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

`read_cidian()` reads a supported binary dictionary and returns a common `cidian_dictionary` object. The parser preserves source order and does not normalize, sort, or deduplicate entries.

## Usage

```
read_cidian(path, ..., format = c("scel", "qcel", "qpyd", "bdict", "bcd"))
```

## Arguments

|                     |                                                                                                                |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>path</code>   | A path to a dictionary file.                                                                                   |
| <code>...</code>    | Must be empty.                                                                                                 |
| <code>format</code> | A format name, with or without a leading dot. Supported values are "scel", "qcel", "qpyd", "bdict", and "bcd". |

## Details

The format is inferred from the file extension when `format` is omitted or `NULL`. Supply `format` when the file has no extension or its extension is wrong.

## Value

A `cidian_dictionary` object containing `metadata`, `entries`, and `format` fields. The `entries$code` column is a list-column of character vectors, and `entries$weight` is a numeric vector.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
dictionary <- read_cidian("computer.qcel")
dictionary
as.data.frame(dictionary)

## End(Not run)
```

---

`summary.cidian_dictionary`*Summarize a dictionary*

---

### Description

Summarize a dictionary

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cidian_dictionary'  
summary(object, ...)
```

### Arguments

|                     |                                          |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code> | A <code>cidian_dictionary</code> object. |
| <code>...</code>    | Must be empty.                           |

### Value

An object of class `summary.cidian_dictionary` containing the format, metadata, entry count, and number of weighted entries.

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
dictionary <- read_cidian("computer.qccl")  
summary(dictionary)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

`write_words`*Write dictionary entries to a text file*

---

### Description

`write_words()` writes the word of every entry in `x` to `path`, one word per line, preserving the source order.

### Usage

```
write_words(x, path, ..., overwrite = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x         | A cidian_dictionary object.                                                                                                          |
| path      | A path to the output file.                                                                                                           |
| ...       | Must be empty.                                                                                                                       |
| overwrite | Whether to replace path when it already exists. NULL (the default) asks interactively; TRUE overwrites without asking; FALSE errors. |

**Details**

When path already exists, the function asks for confirmation unless overwrite is given explicitly.

**Value**

The path, invisibly.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
dictionary <- read_cidian("computer.qcel")  
write_words(dictionary, "words.txt")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

# Index

`as.data.frame.cidian_dictionary`, [2](#)

`cidian_entries`, [3](#)

`cidian_formats`, [3](#)

`cidian_metadata`, [4](#)

`print.cidian_dictionary`, [4](#)

`read_cidian`, [5](#)

`summary.cidian_dictionary`, [6](#)

`write_words`, [6](#)